B.R.A.BIHAR UNIVERSITY, MUZAFFARPUR



COURSE OF STUDY
M.A.M.Sc, MATHEMATICS
SEMESTER- I, II, III & IV
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)
(19 be effective from 2018-2019)



M.A/M.Sc (Mathematics) SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Passing of Examination and Promotion Rule

The Post Graduate Course in Mathematics shall be of two academic sessions comprising of FOUR SEMESTERS. Each academic session shall consist of two Semesters – I & III from July to December and Semester II & IV from January to June.

Each theory paper irrespective of their nature and credits hall be of 100 marks out of which the performance of a student in each paper will be assessed on the basis of Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) of 30 marks and the End Semester Examination (ESE) consisting of 70 marks.

The components of CIA shall be

- (a) Two Mid Semester Written Tests of one floor duration each 15 Marks
 (b) Seminar/quiz 5 Marks
 (c) Assignment 5 Marks
- (d) Punctuality & Conduct 5 Marks
- There shall be no supplementary examination in any of the Semester Course (L. II. III & IV.)
- A student who has appeared at the CIA and attended the required minimum percentage (75%) of the attendance in theory shall be permitted to appear in the End Semester Examination (ESE).
- To be declared passed in ESE in any subject, a students must secure at least 45% marks in each paper separately.

A student has to secure minimum 45% marks in CIA of any paper. In case, a student fails to secure minimum 50% marks in CIA of any paper, he/she will be doctared fail in that paper. Students shall have to reappear in this paper and in CIA examination also in the same semester of next academic session.

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If students fail to secure minimum 50% marks in CIA of any paper his result will be declared as fail in that paper. Students shall have to reappear in that paper in the same semester of next academic session.

A promoted candidate, if he has passed in CIA but falls in theory paperspapers, he had retain his her CIA sward and will reappear in the theory paperspapers, he had be member wherever available. However, if a candidate is declared fair discovered and the second second and the second second and the second s

4. If a candidate passes in at least two paper in his/her First, Second and third End Semester Examination, how the shall be promoted to next higher semester. But he/she will have to clear our backlog papers in the weat, end semester examination of that semester withcover it is a available, liven it is student is promoted to fourth semester in fact result will only be declared with only the height parties.

 Final result of M.Sc. will be published only after by she has cleared all the 16 paper securing minimum qualifying marks.

 Student shall be awarded Grade Point (GP) at the end of each semester examination and Cumulative Grade Point (CGP) at the end of final End Semester Examination in 10 point scoring system.

Declaration of Result

The following grading system shall be used by teacher/Examination department

	Letter Grade	Percentage Range	Number of Letter Grade	Description of Grade
	0	90-100	10	Outstanding
A47	A-90	80-89	9	Excellent
	A#	70-79	8	Very Good
-	òΑ	60-69	7	Good
m '	B+	50-59	.6	Average
	В	45-49	5	Pass
	F	Less than 45	Less than 5	Fail

A student shall be declared to have passed and promoted to the next semester when he/she earns B or above grade in the semester examination covering continuous evaluation, mid-term and end term examination.





Syllabus of M.A/M.Sc (Mathematics) Semester I

PAPER I (MAT CC 01)

Abstract Algebra

Abstract Algebra

Prerequisites: Introduction to Group, Elementary Properties of Group, Finite Group, and subgroup, Cyclic Group, Permutation Group, Properties of Permutations, Page, Integral Domains, Characteristics of rings.

- Unit 1: Homomorphism; Group actions, Sylow theorems, Normal and subnormal series composition series of a group, Jordan-Holder Theorem, Solvable groups, elementation subgroup of a group, Lilpotent groups.
- Usit 2: Ring homomorphism, isomorphism, quotient himps, ideals, Kernel of ring homomorphism, principal ideal ring and donates rine and maximal ideal, Euclidean donates.
- Unit 3: Extension fields, algebraic, and manocedental extension, splitting field of Polynomial, separable and increasable exemption, normal extension, constructible real numbers.
- Unit 4 : Cyclic Modules, simple Modules, semi-simple Modules, Schar's Lemma, Free Modules.

 Unit 5 : Solution of equations by melicals, insolvability of equations of degree 5 by radicals.

References:

1. I.N. Herstein o Topics in Algebra.

Les Luther & L.B.S. Passi > Algebra Vols I & II Narosa Publication House
 D.S. Durmit and R.M. Foster- Abstract Algebra
 N.S. Gopalakrishnan > University Alzebra

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PAPER II (MAT CC- 02)

Real Analysis

Real Analysis

- Unit 1 : Sequences and series of functions, pointwise and uniform convergence, Cauchy criterion for uniform convergence, Weierstrass-M test, Abel's and Dirichlet's that for uniform convergence.
- Unit 2: Uniform convergence and differentiation, Weierstrass approximation theorem

 Power series, Uniqueness theorem for power series, Able's and Tauber's theorem.
- Unit 3: Definition and examples of Riemann-Steleje's integral Property of Integral, Integration and differentiation, the fundamental theorem of Calculus, Integration Of vector valued function, rectifiable curves.
- Unit 4: Punctions of several variables, linear thest constitute, Derivatives in an open subset of R*\thin rule, partial derivatives, instelling rel order of differentiation, derivatives of higher orders, Taylor's theorem.
- Usit 5: Inverse function theorem, Implicit parties theorem, Jacobians, Extremum Problems with constraints, Lagrange's multiplier methods, differentiation of Integrals, purriess, of ming, Differential forms, Stoke's theorem.

References :

W. Rudin - Principles of Mathematical Analysis
 T. M. Aportal - Mathematical Analysis
 J. P. Nathason - Theory of function of Real Variable
 M.L. Royden - Real Analysis

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PAPER III (MAT CC-03)

Linear Alcebra

Linear Algebra

- Unit I: Finite dimensional vector spaces; Linear transformations and their matrix representations, rank; systems of linear equations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, minimal polynomial. Carley-Hamilton Theorem, diagonalization
 - Unit 2: Hermitian, Skew Hermitian and unitary matrices; Finite dimensional inter-prespace, Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization process, self-adjoint operates.
 - Usit 3: Similarity of linear transformations, Invariant subspaces, reduction to triangular forms, Nilpotent transformations, Index of Nilpotongs, transitats of a Nilpotent transformations, primary decomposition theorems, Fundam Nilpots and Jordan forms rational canonical form.
- Unit 4: Bilinear form, algebra of bilinear form Matrix of bilinear forms, degenerate and Non-degenerate bilinear forms. Alamatran bilinear forms
- Unit 5 : Symmetric and Skew-symmetric bilinear forms, Quadratic form, law of Inertia,

teferences :

- I. K.B.Dattas-Matrix and Linear Alcebra
- S. Lipschatzy- Linear Algebra, Schaum's outline series
 Haffman and Kunzey- Linear Algebra

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PAPER IV (MAT CC-04)

Discrete Mathematics

Discrete Mathematics Set Theory:

Unit 1 : Elementary set theory. Finite, countable and uncountable sets, Real number syste a complete ordered field. Archimedean property, supremum, infimum, Schroe Bernstein's theorem, Zogle's lemma, Well-ordering theorem.

Lattice Theory

Unit 2: Lattices as partially ordered sets and their properties, lattices as algebraic system,
Sub lattices, direct products and Homomorphisms of Lattices some special lattices
og Complete lattices, complemented lattices and distributive britises.

Boolean Algebra

Unit 3: Boolean algebra as a complemented distributive lattice, Boolean rings, identification

of Boolean algebra and Boolean rings, sub-algebra and generators.

Unit 4: Boolean homemorphism and sing homemorphism ideals in a Boolean algebra and Deal ideals, Fundamental theorem of homemorphism and Stone's representation theorem for Boolean algebrase and glociesm rings, simple application to electrical network, solvability of [Overlan equations and logical practice].

Combinatorie

Unit 5 : Permutation and openimations, partitions, pigeomhole principle, inclusion-exclusion, principle, concruting functions, recurrence relations.

References :

K.H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and its applications.
 S.Lipschutz and M.Lipson: Discrete Mathematics

3. C. L. Lin:- Elements of Discrete Mathematics.

E.Mendelson :- Boolean Algebra and Switching Circuits
 Kolman, Bushi and Ross :- Discrete Mathematical Structure.

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